## Message

From: Lisa Rector [Irector@nescaum.org]

**Sent**: 2/7/2020 2:11:42 PM

**To**: Johnson, Steffan [johnson.steffan@epa.gov]

CC: Toney, Mike [Toney.Mike@epa.gov]

**Subject**: RE: test method question

## Thanks!

From: Johnson, Steffan < johnson.steffan@epa.gov>

Sent: Friday, February 7, 2020 9:03 AM
To: Lisa Rector < lrector@nescaum.org>
Cc: Toney, Mike < Toney.Mike@epa.gov>
Subject: Re: test method question

Lisa,

Easy! The way the rule reads, the low test MUST be the LOWEST heat output configuration that the unit is capable of producing. SO....whatever that is, fan on or off...(I'm guessing off?).

The manufacturer and lab also have to document that it is the lowest output.

Stef

Stef Johnson | Leader | Measurement Technology Group | Office of Air Quality Planning & Standards | U.S. Environmental Protection Agency | 109 T.W. Alexander Drive | E-143-02 | Research Triangle Park, NC 27711 | Desk: 919.541.4790 | Cell: 919.698.5096 | Fax: 919.541.0516

From: Lisa Rector < <a href="mailto:lrector@nescaum.org">lrector@nescaum.org</a> Sent: Thursday, February 6, 2020 6:44 PM

To: Johnson, Steffan < johnson.steffan@epa.gov>

Subject: test method question

Hi Stef, time for test method trivia Friday!!!! If a stove has an option to use a fan (not required or standard installation), for the low test, should the unit test with or without the fan?

Lisa



Lisa Rector, Policy and Program Director at NESCAUM

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